

# CHARMED, STRANGE MESONS

## ( $C = \pm 1, S = \pm 1$ )

### (including possibly non- $q\bar{q}$ states)

$$D_s^+ = c\bar{s}, D_s^- = \bar{c}s, \quad \text{similarly for } D_s^{*'}\text{'s}$$

$D_s^\pm$

$$I(J^P) = 0(0^-)$$

$$\text{Mass } m = 1968.35 \pm 0.07 \text{ MeV}$$

$$m_{D_s^\pm} - m_{D^\pm} = 98.69 \pm 0.05 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\text{Mean life } \tau = (504 \pm 4) \times 10^{-15} \text{ s} \quad (S = 1.2)$$

$$c\tau = 151.2 \text{ } \mu\text{m}$$

#### CP-violating decay-rate asymmetries

$$A_{CP}(\mu^\pm \nu) = (-0.2 \pm 2.5)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(\tau^\pm \nu) \text{ in } D_s^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu_\tau, D_s^- \rightarrow \tau^- \bar{\nu}_\tau = (3 \pm 5)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(K^\pm K_S^0) = (0.09 \pm 0.26)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(K^\pm K_L^0) \text{ in } D_s^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm K_L^0 = (-1.1 \pm 2.7) \times 10^{-2}$$

$$A_{CP}(K^+ K^- \pi^\pm) = (-0.5 \pm 0.9)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(\phi \pi^\pm) = (-0.38 \pm 0.27)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(K^\pm K_S^0 \pi^0) = (-2 \pm 6)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(2K_S^0 \pi^\pm) = (3 \pm 5)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(K^+ K^- \pi^\pm \pi^0) = (0.0 \pm 3.0)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(K^\pm K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-) = (-6 \pm 5)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(K_S^0 K^\mp 2\pi^\pm) = (4.1 \pm 2.8)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^\pm) = (-0.7 \pm 3.1)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(\pi^\pm \eta) = (0.3 \pm 0.4)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(\pi^\pm \eta') = (-0.9 \pm 0.5)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(\eta \pi^\pm \pi^0) = (-1 \pm 4)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(\eta' \pi^\pm \pi^0) = (0 \pm 8)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(K^\pm \pi^0) = (2 \pm 4)\% \quad (S = 1.2)$$

$$A_{CP}(\bar{K}^0 / K^0 \pi^\pm) = (0.4 \pm 0.5)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(K_S^0 \pi^\pm) = (0.20 \pm 0.18)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(K^\pm \pi^+ \pi^-) = (4 \pm 5)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^0) \text{ in } D_s^\pm \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^0 = (3 \pm 6)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(K^\pm \eta) = (1.8 \pm 1.9)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(K^\pm \eta'(958)) = (6 \pm 19)\%$$

#### CP violating asymmetries of P-odd (T-odd) moments

$$A_T(K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^+ \pi^-) = (-14 \pm 8) \times 10^{-3} \text{ [a]}$$

### $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ form factors

$$r_2 = 0.84 \pm 0.11 \quad (S = 2.4)$$

$$r_V = 1.80 \pm 0.08$$

$$\Gamma_L/\Gamma_T = 0.72 \pm 0.18$$

$$f_+(0) |V_{cs}| \text{ in } D_s^+ \rightarrow \eta e^+ \nu_e = 0.446 \pm 0.007$$

$$f_+(0) |V_{cs}| \text{ in } D_s^+ \rightarrow \eta' e^+ \nu_e = 0.48 \pm 0.05$$

$$f_+(0) |V_{cd}| \text{ in } D_s^+ \rightarrow K^0 e^+ \nu_e = 0.162 \pm 0.019$$

$$r_V \equiv V(0)/A_1(0) \text{ in } D_s^+ \rightarrow K^*(892)^0 e^+ \nu_e = 1.7 \pm 0.4$$

$$r_2 \equiv A_2(0)/A_1(0) \text{ in } D_s^+ \rightarrow K^*(892)^0 e^+ \nu_e = 0.77 \pm 0.29$$

$$f_{D_s^+} |V_{cs}| \text{ in } D_s^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu = 243 \pm 5 \text{ MeV}$$

$$f_{D_s^+} |V_{cs}| \text{ in } D_s^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu_\tau = 245.3 \pm 3.0 \text{ MeV}$$

Unless otherwise noted, the branching fractions for modes with a resonance in the final state include all the decay modes of the resonance.  $D_s^-$  modes are charge conjugates of the modes below.

$D_s^+$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Scale factor/ Confidence level	$p$ (MeV/c)
<b>Inclusive modes</b>			
$e^+$ semileptonic	[b] ( 6.33 $\pm$ 0.15 ) %		—
$\pi^+$ anything	(119.3 $\pm$ 1.4 ) %		—
$\pi^-$ anything	( 43.2 $\pm$ 0.9 ) %		—
$\pi^0$ anything	(123 $\pm$ 7 ) %		—
$K^-$ anything	( 18.7 $\pm$ 0.5 ) %		—
$K^+$ anything	( 28.9 $\pm$ 0.7 ) %		—
$K_S^0$ anything	( 19.0 $\pm$ 1.1 ) %		—
$\eta$ anything	[c] ( 29.9 $\pm$ 2.8 ) %		—
$\omega$ anything	( 6.1 $\pm$ 1.4 ) %		—
$\eta'$ anything	[d] ( 10.3 $\pm$ 1.4 ) %	S=1.1	—
$f_0(980)$ anything, $f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	< 1.3 %	CL=90%	—
$\phi$ anything	( 15.7 $\pm$ 1.0 ) %		—
$K^+ K^-$ anything	( 15.8 $\pm$ 0.7 ) %		—
$K_S^0 K^+$ anything	( 5.8 $\pm$ 0.5 ) %		—
$K_S^0 K^-$ anything	( 1.9 $\pm$ 0.4 ) %		—
$2K_S^0$ anything	( 1.70 $\pm$ 0.32 ) %		—
$2K^+$ anything	< 2.6 $\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	—
$2K^-$ anything	< 6 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	—
<b>Leptonic and semileptonic modes</b>			
$e^+ \nu_e$	< 8.3 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	984
$\mu^+ \nu_\mu$	( 5.43 $\pm$ 0.15 ) $\times 10^{-3}$		981
$\tau^+ \nu_\tau$	( 5.32 $\pm$ 0.11 ) %		182

$\gamma e^+ \nu_e$	< 1.3	$\times 10^{-4}$ CL=90%	984
$K^+ K^- e^+ \nu_e$	—		851
$\phi e^+ \nu_e$	[e] ( 2.39 $\pm$ 0.16 ) %	S=1.3	720
$\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$	( 1.9 $\pm$ 0.5 ) %		715
$\eta e^+ \nu_e + \eta'(958) e^+ \nu_e$	[e] ( 3.03 $\pm$ 0.24 ) %		—
$\eta e^+ \nu_e$	[e] ( 2.32 $\pm$ 0.08 ) %		908
$\eta'(958) e^+ \nu_e$	[e] ( 8.0 $\pm$ 0.7 ) $\times 10^{-3}$		751
$\eta \mu^+ \nu_\mu$	( 2.4 $\pm$ 0.5 ) %		905
$\eta'(958) \mu^+ \nu_\mu$	( 1.1 $\pm$ 0.5 ) %		747
$\omega e^+ \nu_e$	[f] < 2.0	$\times 10^{-3}$ CL=90%	829
$K^0 e^+ \nu_e$	( 3.4 $\pm$ 0.4 ) $\times 10^{-3}$		921
$K^*(892)^0 e^+ \nu_e$	[e] ( 2.15 $\pm$ 0.28 ) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.1	782
$a_0(980)^0 e^+ \nu_e, a_0(980)^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \eta$	< 1.2	$\times 10^{-4}$ CL=90%	—

### Hadronic modes with a $K\bar{K}$ pair

$K^+ K_S^0$	( 1.453 $\pm$ 0.035 ) %		850
$K^+ K_L^0$	( 1.49 $\pm$ 0.06 ) %		850
$K^+ \bar{K}^0$	( 2.95 $\pm$ 0.14 ) %		850
$K^+ K^- \pi^+$	[g] ( 5.38 $\pm$ 0.10 ) %	S=1.1	805
$\phi \pi^+$	[e,h] ( 4.5 $\pm$ 0.4 ) %		712
$\phi \pi^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	[h] ( 2.22 $\pm$ 0.06 ) %		712
$K^+ \bar{K}^*(892)^0, \bar{K}^{*0} \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$	( 2.58 $\pm$ 0.06 ) %		416
$f_0(980) \pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	( 1.11 $\pm$ 0.19 ) %		732
$f_0(1370) \pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	( 7.1 $\pm$ 2.9 ) $\times 10^{-4}$		—
$f_0(1710) \pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	( 6.7 $\pm$ 2.8 ) $\times 10^{-4}$		198
$K^+ \bar{K}_0^*(1430)^0, \bar{K}_0^* \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$	( 1.76 $\pm$ 0.25 ) $\times 10^{-3}$		218
$K^+ K_S^0 \pi^0$	( 1.52 $\pm$ 0.22 ) %		805
$2K_S^0 \pi^+$	( 7.7 $\pm$ 0.6 ) $\times 10^{-3}$		802
$K^0 \bar{K}^0 \pi^+$	—		802
$K^*(892)^+ \bar{K}^0$	[e] ( 5.4 $\pm$ 1.2 ) %		683
$K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^0$	( 5.50 $\pm$ 0.24 ) %	S=1.3	748
$\phi \rho^+$	[e] ( 5.59 $\pm$ 0.34 ) %		401
$\bar{K}_1(1270)^0 K^+, \bar{K}_1(1270)^0 \rightarrow K^- \rho^+$	( 5.7 $\pm$ 0.6 ) $\times 10^{-3}$		—
$\bar{K}_1(1270)^0 K^+, \bar{K}_1(1270)^0 \rightarrow K^*(892) \pi$	( 1.31 $\pm$ 0.25 ) %		—
$\bar{K}_1(1400)^0 K^+, \bar{K}_1(1400)^0 \rightarrow K^*(892) \pi$	( 2.0 $\pm$ 0.4 ) %		—
$a_0(980)^0 \rho^+, a_0(980)^0 \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	( 1.9 $\pm$ 0.4 ) $\times 10^{-3}$		—
$f_1(1420)^0 \pi^+, f_1(1420)^0 \rightarrow K^*(892)^\mp K^\pm$	( 3.9 $\pm$ 0.7 ) $\times 10^{-3}$		—

$f_1(1420)^0 \pi^+, f_1(1420)^0 \rightarrow$	( 4.0 ±1.4 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>		—
$a_0(980)^0 \pi^0, a_0(980)^0 \rightarrow$			
$K^+ K^-$			
$\eta(1475) \pi^+, \eta(1475) \rightarrow$	( 7.0 ±2.8 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>		—
$a_0(980)^0 \pi^0, a_0(980)^0 \rightarrow$			
$K^+ K^-$			
$K_S^0 K^- 2\pi^+$	( 1.53 ±0.08 ) %	S=1.5	744
$K^*(892)^+ \bar{K}^*(892)^0$	[e] ( 5.64 ±0.35 ) %		417
$\eta(1475) K_S^0, \eta \rightarrow$	( 3.4 ±1.0 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>		—
$K^*(892)^0 \pi^+, K^{*0} \rightarrow$			
$K^- \pi^+$			
$\eta(1475) \pi^+, \eta \rightarrow$	( 3.4 ±1.0 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>		—
$\bar{K}^*(892)^+ K^-, \bar{K}^{*+} \rightarrow$			
$K_S^0 \pi^+$			
$\eta(1475) \pi^+, \eta \rightarrow$	( 1.7 ±0.9 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>		—
$a_0(980)^- \pi^+, a_0^- \rightarrow$			
$K_S^0 K^-$			
$f_1(1285) \pi^+, f_1 \rightarrow$	( 3.4 ±0.8 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>		—
$a_0(980)^- \pi^+, a_0^- \rightarrow$			
$K_S^0 K^-$			
$K^+ K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	( 9.5 ±0.8 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	S=1.1	744
$K^+ K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^-$	( 8.6 ±1.5 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>		673
$\phi 2\pi^+ \pi^-$	[e] ( 1.21 ±0.16 ) %		640
$\phi \rho^0 \pi^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	( 6.4 ±1.3 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>		181
$\phi a_1(1260)^+, \phi \rightarrow$	( 7.4 ±1.2 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>		†
$K^+ K^-, a_1^+ \rightarrow$			
$\rho^0 \pi^+$			
$\phi 2\pi^+ \pi^- \text{ non-}\rho, \phi \rightarrow$	( 1.8 ±0.7 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>		—
$K^+ K^-$			
$K^+ K^- \rho^0 \pi^+ \text{ non-}\phi$	< 2.6 × 10 <sup>-4</sup> CL=90%		249
$K^+ K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^- \text{ nonresonant}$	( 9 ±7 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>		673
$2K_S^0 2\pi^+ \pi^-$	( 7.8 ±3.3 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>		669
<b>Hadronic modes without K's</b>			
$\pi^+ \pi^0$	< 1.2 × 10 <sup>-4</sup> CL=90%		975
$2\pi^+ \pi^-$	( 1.08 ±0.04 ) %		959
$\rho^0 \pi^+$	( 1.9 ±1.2 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>		825
$\pi^+ (\pi^+ \pi^-)_{S\text{-wave}}$	[i] ( 9.0 ±0.4 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>		959
$f_2(1270) \pi^+, f_2 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	( 1.09 ±0.19 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>		559
$\rho(1450)^0 \pi^+, \rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	( 2.9 ±1.9 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>		421
$\pi^+ 2\pi^0$	( 6.5 ±1.3 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>		961
$2\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	—		935
$\eta \pi^+$	[e] ( 1.68 ±0.09 ) %	S=1.1	902
$\omega \pi^+$	[e] ( 1.92 ±0.30 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>		822

$3\pi^+ 2\pi^-$	( 7.9 ±0.8 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	899
$2\pi^+ \pi^- 2\pi^0$	—	902
$\eta \rho^+$	[e] ( 8.9 ±0.8 ) %	724
$\eta \pi^+ \pi^0$	( 9.5 ±0.5 ) %	885
$\eta(\pi^+ \pi^0) P\text{-wave}$	( 5.1 ±3.1 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	885
$2\pi^+ \pi^- \eta$	( 3.12 ±0.16 ) %	855
$a_1(1260)^+ \eta, a_1^+ \rightarrow$ $\rho(770)^0 \pi^+, \rho^0 \rightarrow$ $\pi^+ \pi^-$	( 1.73 ±0.16 ) %	—
$a_1(1260)^+ \eta, a_1^+ \rightarrow$ $f_0(500) \pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	( 2.5 ±0.9 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	—
$a_0(980)^+ \pi^0, a_0(980)^+ \rightarrow \eta \pi^+ \pi^0$	( 2.2 ±0.4 ) %	—
$a_0(980)^+ \rho(770)^0, a_0^+ \rightarrow$ $\eta \pi^+$	( 2.1 ±0.9 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	—
$\eta(1405) \pi^+, \eta(1405) \rightarrow$ $a_0(980)^- \pi^+, a_0^- \rightarrow$ $\eta \pi^-$	( 2.2 ±0.7 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	—
$\eta(1405) \pi^+, \eta(1405) \rightarrow$ $a_0(980)^+ \pi^-, a_0^+ \rightarrow$ $\eta \pi^+$	( 2.2 ±0.7 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	—
$f_1(1420) \pi^+, f_1 \rightarrow$ $a_0(980)^- \pi^+, a_0^- \rightarrow$ $\eta \pi^-$	( 5.9 ±1.8 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	—
$f_1(1420) \pi^+, f_1 \rightarrow$ $a_0(980)^+ \pi^-, a_0^+ \rightarrow$ $\eta \pi^+$	( 5.3 ±1.8 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	—
$\omega \pi^+ \pi^0$	[e] ( 2.8 ±0.7 ) %	802
$3\pi^+ 2\pi^- \pi^0$	( 4.9 ±3.2 ) %	856
$\omega 2\pi^+ \pi^-$	[e] ( 1.6 ±0.5 ) %	766
$\eta'(958) \pi^+$	[d,e] ( 3.94 ±0.25 ) %	743
$3\pi^+ 2\pi^- 2\pi^0$	—	803
$\omega \eta \pi^+$	[e] < 2.13 % CL=90%	654
$\eta'(958) \rho^+$	[d,e] ( 5.8 ±1.5 ) %	465
$\eta'(958) \pi^+ \pi^0$	( 5.6 ±0.8 ) %	720
$\eta'(958) \pi^+ \pi^0$ nonresonant	< 5.1 % CL=90%	720

### Modes with one or three K's

$K^+ \pi^0$	( 7.4 ±0.5 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	917
$K_S^0 \pi^+$	( 1.10 ±0.05 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	916
$K^+ \eta$	[e] ( 1.73 ±0.08 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	835
$K^+ \omega$	[e] ( 8.7 ±2.5 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	741
$K^+ \eta'(958)$	[e] ( 2.64 ±0.24 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	646
$K^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	( 6.5 ±0.4 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	900

$K^+ \rho^0$	$( 2.5 \pm 0.4 ) \times 10^{-3}$	745
$K^+ \rho(1450)^0, \rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	$( 6.9 \pm 2.4 ) \times 10^{-4}$	—
$K^*(892)^0 \pi^+, K^{*0} \rightarrow$	$( 1.40 \pm 0.24 ) \times 10^{-3}$	775
$K^+ \pi^-$		
$K^*(1410)^0 \pi^+, K^{*0} \rightarrow$	$( 1.22 \pm 0.28 ) \times 10^{-3}$	—
$K^+ \pi^-$		
$K^*(1430)^0 \pi^+, K^{*0} \rightarrow$	$( 5.0 \pm 3.4 ) \times 10^{-4}$	—
$K^+ \pi^-$		
$K^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$ nonresonant	$( 1.03 \pm 0.34 ) \times 10^{-3}$	900
$K^0 \pi^+ \pi^0$	$( 1.08 \pm 0.06 ) \%$	899
$K_S^0 2\pi^+ \pi^-$	$( 2.8 \pm 1.0 ) \times 10^{-3}$	870
$K^+ \omega \pi^0$	$[e] < 8.2 \times 10^{-3} \text{CL}=90\%$	684
$K^+ \omega \pi^+ \pi^-$	$[e] < 5.4 \times 10^{-3} \text{CL}=90\%$	603
$K^+ \omega \eta$	$[e] < 7.9 \times 10^{-3} \text{CL}=90\%$	366
$2K^+ K^-$	$( 2.15 \pm 0.20 ) \times 10^{-4}$	628
$\phi K^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	$( 8.8 \pm 2.0 ) \times 10^{-5}$	—

### Doubly Cabibbo-suppressed modes

$2K^+ \pi^-$	$( 1.276 \pm 0.031 ) \times 10^{-4}$	805
$K^+ K^*(892)^0, K^{*0} \rightarrow$	$( 6.0 \pm 3.4 ) \times 10^{-5}$	—
$K^+ \pi^-$		

### Baryon-antibaryon mode

$p \bar{n}$	$( 1.22 \pm 0.11 ) \times 10^{-3}$	295
$p \bar{p} e^+ \nu_e$	$< 2.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{CL}=90\%$	296

### $\Delta C = 1$ weak neutral current (C1) modes, Lepton family number (LF), or Lepton number (L) violating modes

$\pi^+ e^+ e^-$	$[j] < 5.5 \times 10^{-6} \text{CL}=90\%$	979
$\pi^+ \phi, \phi \rightarrow e^+ e^-$	$[k] ( 6 \begin{smallmatrix} +8 \\ -4 \end{smallmatrix} ) \times 10^{-6}$	—
$\pi^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$	$[j] < 1.8 \times 10^{-7} \text{CL}=90\%$	968
$K^+ e^+ e^-$	C1 $< 3.7 \times 10^{-6} \text{CL}=90\%$	922
$K^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$	C1 $< 1.4 \times 10^{-7} \text{CL}=90\%$	909
$K^*(892)^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$	C1 $< 1.4 \times 10^{-3} \text{CL}=90\%$	765
$\pi^+ e^+ \mu^-$	LF $< 1.1 \times 10^{-6} \text{CL}=90\%$	976
$\pi^+ e^- \mu^+$	LF $< 9.4 \times 10^{-7} \text{CL}=90\%$	976
$K^+ e^+ \mu^-$	LF $< 7.9 \times 10^{-7} \text{CL}=90\%$	919
$K^+ e^- \mu^+$	LF $< 5.6 \times 10^{-7} \text{CL}=90\%$	919
$\pi^- 2e^+$	L $< 1.4 \times 10^{-6} \text{CL}=90\%$	979
$\pi^- 2\mu^+$	L $< 8.6 \times 10^{-8} \text{CL}=90\%$	968
$\pi^- e^+ \mu^+$	L $< 6.3 \times 10^{-7} \text{CL}=90\%$	976
$K^- 2e^+$	L $< 7.7 \times 10^{-7} \text{CL}=90\%$	922

$K^- 2\mu^+$	$L$	$< 2.6$	$\times 10^{-8}$ CL=90%	909
$K^- e^+ \mu^+$	$L$	$< 2.6$	$\times 10^{-7}$ CL=90%	919
$K^*(892)^- 2\mu^+$	$L$	$< 1.4$	$\times 10^{-3}$ CL=90%	765

**$D_s^{*\pm}$**

$$I(J^P) = 0(?^?)$$

$J^P$  is natural, width and decay modes consistent with  $1^-$ .

$$\text{Mass } m = 2112.2 \pm 0.4 \text{ MeV}$$

$$m_{D_s^{*\pm}} - m_{D_s^\pm} = 143.8 \pm 0.4 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\text{Full width } \Gamma < 1.9 \text{ MeV, CL} = 90\%$$

$D_s^{*-}$  modes are charge conjugates of the modes below.

<b><math>D_s^{*+}</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$D_s^+ \gamma$	$(93.5 \pm 0.7) \%$	139
$D_s^+ \pi^0$	$(5.8 \pm 0.7) \%$	48
$D_s^+ e^+ e^-$	$(6.7 \pm 1.6) \times 10^{-3}$	139

**$D_{s0}^*(2317)^\pm$**

$$I(J^P) = 0(0^+)$$

$J, P$  need confirmation.

$J^P$  is natural, low mass consistent with  $0^+$ .

See the review on "Heavy Non- $q\bar{q}$  Mesons."

$$\text{Mass } m = 2317.8 \pm 0.5 \text{ MeV}$$

$$m_{D_{s0}^*(2317)^\pm} - m_{D_s^\pm} = 349.4 \pm 0.5 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\text{Full width } \Gamma < 3.8 \text{ MeV, CL} = 95\%$$

$D_{s0}^*(2317)^-$  modes are charge conjugates of modes below.

<b><math>D_{s0}^*(2317)^\pm</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Confidence level	$p$ (MeV/c)
$D_s^+ \pi^0$	$(100^{+0}_{-20}) \%$		298
$D_s^+ \gamma$	$< 5 \%$	90%	323
$D_s^*(2112)^+ \gamma$	$< 6 \%$	90%	—
$D_s^+ \gamma\gamma$	$< 18 \%$	95%	323
$D_s^*(2112)^+ \pi^0$	$< 11 \%$	90%	—
$D_s^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	$< 4 \times 10^{-3}$	90%	194
$D_s^+ \pi^0 \pi^0$	not seen		205

**$D_{s1}(2460)^\pm$** 

$$I(J^P) = 0(1^+)$$

See the review on "Heavy Non- $q\bar{q}$  Mesons."

$$\text{Mass } m = 2459.5 \pm 0.6 \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 1.1)$$

$$m_{D_{s1}(2460)^\pm} - m_{D_s^{*\pm}} = 347.3 \pm 0.7 \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 1.2)$$

$$m_{D_{s1}(2460)^\pm} - m_{D_s^\pm} = 491.1 \pm 0.6 \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 1.1)$$

$$\text{Full width } \Gamma < 3.5 \text{ MeV, CL} = 95\%$$

 $D_{s1}(2460)^-$  modes are charge conjugates of the modes below.

<b><math>D_{s1}(2460)^+</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Scale factor/ Confidence level	$p$ (MeV/c)
$D_s^{*+} \pi^0$	(48 ± 11) %		297
$D_s^+ \gamma$	(18 ± 4) %		442
$D_s^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	(4.3 ± 1.3) %	S=1.1	363
$D_s^{*+} \gamma$	< 8 %	CL=90%	323
$D_{s0}^*(2317)^+ \gamma$	(3.7 <sup>+</sup> <sub>-</sub> 5.0 <sub>-</sub> ) %		138

 **$D_{s1}(2536)^\pm$** 

$$I(J^P) = 0(1^+)$$

 $J, P$  need confirmation.

$$\text{Mass } m = 2535.11 \pm 0.06 \text{ MeV}$$

$$m_{D_{s1}(2536)^\pm} - m_{D_s^*(2111)} = 422.9 \pm 0.4 \text{ MeV}$$

$$m_{D_{s1}(2536)^\pm} - m_{D^*(2010)^\pm} = 524.85 \pm 0.04 \text{ MeV}$$

$$m_{D_{s1}(2536)^\pm} - m_{D^*(2007)^0} = 528.26 \pm 0.05 \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 1.2)$$

$$\text{Full width } \Gamma = 0.92 \pm 0.05 \text{ MeV}$$

Branching fractions are given relative to the one **DEFINED AS 1**. $D_{s1}(2536)^-$  modes are charge conjugates of the modes below.

<b><math>D_{s1}(2536)^+</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Confidence level	$p$ (MeV/c)
$D^*(2010)^+ K^0$	0.85 ± 0.12		149
$(D^*(2010)^+ K^0)_{S\text{-wave}}$	0.61 ± 0.09		149
$D^+ \pi^- K^+$	0.028 ± 0.005		176
$D^*(2007)^0 K^+$	<b>DEFINED AS 1</b>		167
$D^+ K^0$	< 0.34	90%	381
$D^0 K^+$	< 0.12	90%	391
$D_s^{*+} \gamma$	possibly seen		388
$D_s^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen		437



**$D_{s2}^*(2573)$** 

$$I(J^P) = 0(2^+)$$

Mass  $m = 2569.1 \pm 0.8$  MeV ( $S = 2.4$ ) $m_{D_{s2}^*(2573)} - m_{D^0} = 704 \pm 3.2$  MeVFull width  $\Gamma = 16.9 \pm 0.7$  MeV $D_{s2}^*(2573)^-$  modes are charge conjugates of the modes below.

<b><math>D_{s2}^*(2573)^+</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$D^0 K^+$	seen	431
$D^*(2007)^0 K^+$	not seen	238
$D^+ K_S^0$	seen	422
$D^{*+} K_S^0$	seen	225

 **$D_{s1}^*(2700)^\pm$** 

$$I(J^P) = 0(1^-)$$

Mass  $m = 2714 \pm 5$  MeV ( $S = 1.5$ )Full width  $\Gamma = 122 \pm 10$  MeV

<b><math>D_{s1}^*(2700)^\pm</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$D^0 K^+$	seen	579
$D^+ K_S^0$	seen	573
$D^{*0} K^+$	seen	438
$D^{*+} K_S^0$	seen	431

 **$D_{s3}^*(2860)^\pm$** 

$$I(J^P) = 0(3^-)$$

Mass  $m = 2860 \pm 7$  MeVFull width  $\Gamma = 53 \pm 10$  MeV

<b><math>D_{s3}^*(2860)^\pm</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$D^0 K^+$	seen	710
$D^+ K_S^0$	seen	704
$D^{*0} K^+$	seen	589
$D^{*+} K_S^0$	seen	584

## NOTES

- [a] See the Particle Listings for the (complicated) definition of this quantity.
- [b] This is the purely  $e^+$  semileptonic branching fraction: the  $e^+$  fraction from  $\tau^+$  decays has been subtracted off. The sum of our (non- $\tau$ )  $e^+$  exclusive fractions — an  $e^+ \nu_e$  with an  $\eta$ ,  $\eta'$ ,  $\phi$ ,  $K^0$ , or  $K^{*0}$  — is  $5.99 \pm 0.31$  %.
- [c] This fraction includes  $\eta$  from  $\eta'$  decays.
- [d] The sum of our exclusive  $\eta'$  fractions —  $\eta' e^+ \nu_e$ ,  $\eta' \mu^+ \nu_\mu$ ,  $\eta' \pi^+$ ,  $\eta' \rho^+$ , and  $\eta' K^+$  — is  $11.8 \pm 1.6$ %.
- [e] This branching fraction includes all the decay modes of the final-state resonance.
- [f] A test for  $u\bar{u}$  or  $d\bar{d}$  content in the  $D_s^+$ . Neither Cabibbo-favored nor Cabibbo-suppressed decays can contribute, and  $\omega$ - $\phi$  mixing is an unlikely explanation for any fraction above about  $2 \times 10^{-4}$ .
- [g] The branching fraction for this mode may differ from the sum of the submodes that contribute to it, due to interference effects. See the relevant papers in the Particle Listings.
- [h] We decouple the  $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi \pi^+$  branching fraction obtained from mass projections (and used to get some of the other branching fractions) from the  $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi \pi^+$ ,  $\phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$  branching fraction obtained from the Dalitz-plot analysis of  $D_s^+ \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+$ . That is, the ratio of these two branching fractions is not exactly the  $\phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$  branching fraction 0.491.
- [i] This is the average of a model-independent and a  $K$ -matrix parametrization of the  $\pi^+ \pi^-$   $S$ -wave and is a sum over several  $f_0$  mesons.
- [j] This mode is not a useful test for a  $\Delta C=1$  weak neutral current because both quarks must change flavor in this decay.
- [k] This is *not* a test for the  $\Delta C=1$  weak neutral current, but leads to the  $\pi^+ \ell^+ \ell^-$  final state.